

IB Paper 8: Photo Editing

Lecture 1: Program Framework and Cropping

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Contents

- *Lecture 1*: Sections 1 & 2: Program framework and Cropping.
- *Lecture 2*: Sections 3 & 4: Resizing and Rotating.
- *Lecture 3*: Sections 5 & 6: Morphing and Colour.
- *Lecture 4*: Sections 7 & 8: Histograms, Lighting and Filtering.
- *Lecture 5*: Section 9: Enhancing.
- *Lecture 6*: Examples Class

Second and Third Sections of the Course

B – Image Features and Matching Course

Roberto Cipolla

C – Image Searching and Modelling using Machine Learning Methods

Roberto Cipolla

Recommended Textbooks

- A K Jain, *Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing*, Prentice-Hall, 1989.
- R C Gonzalez and R E Woods, *Digital Image Processing*, Addison Wesley, 1992.
- M Petrou and P Bosdogianni, *Image Processing: The Fundamentals*, John Wiley, 1999.

Matlab code for the Photo Editor is downloadable from NGK's website:

www-sigproc.eng.cam.ac.uk/~ngk in the section *Downloadable teaching material*.

Introduction

- Aim: to develop a **photo-editor** in Matlab
- First task: produce an image display framework and **graphical user interface (GUI)** to allow the functions to be called and controlled, and to show results.
- Choose **Matlab** because: allows quite complicated image processing operations to be implemented with relatively **small amounts of code**, and it has the basic functions for **providing a suitable GUI** for the user to interact with the program.

The Main Script File: `ph_edit`

- The code for the main `script` file `ph_edit.m` is shown in fig. 1.2. in the notes.
- No variables are passed as arguments when script files are called.
- For GUIs with controls and buttons, it is simplest if calls are created to script files.
- Now look at the code to see how the GUI is set up.

Opening an input file: `ph_openfile`

- `ph_openfile` is a script called by the menu item **Open** 'Before' (and also at the end of `ph_edit` – although there are a few problems with this).
- `uigetfile` is used to open a GUI window to allow selection of an input image file (.tif, or .jpg, but could be others). Directory path and filename then concatenated into `infile`.
- `imread` reads in image into `xui`. If no output image `yui`, `xui` is read into `yui`.
- `xui` and `yui` are displayed as **Before** and **After** via `showimages`.

Saving an output file: `ph_savefile`

- Script for saving files is given in notes: it is called by the menu item **Save 'After'** and also when **Close Editor** is activated.
- Code creates an `outfile` by adding an `_a` to the input filename (if the ending is not already `_a`)
- `uiputfile` then called to allow user to confirm, change or cancel.
- `imwrite` then saves the **After** image `yui` as `.tif` or `.jpg`.

Displaying the images: `showimage`

- Fig 1.5 in the notes shows the code for displaying images and their `colour histograms`.
- `newbefore` is a variable which ensures (if it is 0) that the **Before** image is not updated – this speeds things up.
- `subplot` and `image` Matlab functions are used to plot the RGB images.
- Matlab functions `reshape`, `barcolour`, `hist` are used to plot the histograms.
- Zoom is enabled.

Other simple operations within: `ph_edit`

Look at the top 5 menu options:

- **Open 'Before'**: via a call to `ph_openfile`
- **Reopen 'Before'**: re-reads from input file via: `xui = imread(infile); showimages`
- **Save 'After'**: via a call to `ph_savefile`
- **Copy 'Before' to 'After'**: via `yui=xui; newbefore=0; showimages`
- **Copy 'After' to 'Before'**: via `xui=yui; newbefore=1; showimages`

Cropping the image: `ph_crop`

`ph_crop` is the first of the 9 script files that perform the main operations within the Photo Editor. Code is given in Fig 2.1.

- Scripts are all controlled by `mode`: a string variable in the main workspace.
- All options are in the same script file and are selected by `mode` using the `switch` syntax in Matlab.
- **Note:** `switch` executes only the first matching case, there is no need for **break** statements.
- The crop area can be selected via entering coordinates of a rectangle or via the cursor (using Matlab **zoom**).

Summary

- **Section 1** of the notes outlines how the **Photo Editor** works – ie making use of the GUI facilities in Matlab and adopting a script approach with the **switch** and **mode** functionalities.
- **Section 2**: The first of the 9 main script files, **ph_crop**, was examined, both for its use of switch/mode and for its intrinsic working.

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